1	UTAH ANTIDISCRIMINATION ACT
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2003 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
6	This act modifies the Utah Antidiscrimination Act to reduce the membership of the
7	Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Committee; to amend what constitutes
8	discriminatory or unfair employment practices; and to amend provisions related to the
9	procedure for assured persons to file claims. This act makes technical changes.
10	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
11	AMENDS:
12	17-33-10, as last amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997
13	34A-5-105, as last amended by Chapter 69, Laws of Utah 2000
14	34A-5-106, as last amended by Chapter 161, Laws of Utah 1999
15	34A-5-107, as last amended by Chapter 161, Laws of Utah 1999
16	34A-5-108, as renumbered and amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997
17	67-19-4, as last amended by Chapter 375, Laws of Utah 1997
18	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
19	Section 1. Section 17-33-10 is amended to read:
20	17-33-10. Grievance and appeals procedure Employees' complaints of
21	discriminatory or unfair employment practice.
22	(1) Any county to which the provisions of this act apply shall establish in its personnel
23	rules and regulations a grievance and appeals procedure. The procedure shall be used to
24	resolve disputes arising from grievances as defined in the rules and regulations, including but
25	not limited to acts of discrimination. The procedure may also be used by employees in the
26	event of dismissal, demotion, suspension, or transfer.
27	(2) Any charge by a county career service employee of discriminatory or [unfair]



20	<u>promotted</u> employment practice as promotted by Section 34A-3-106, can be fried with the
29	Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor within the Labor Commission. Complaints shall be
30	filed within 30 days of the issuance of a written decision of the county career service council.
31	Section 2. Section 34A-5-105 is amended to read:
32	34A-5-105. Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Council Membership
33	Appointment Term Powers and duties Chair.
34	(1) There is created an Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Council consisting of:
35	(a) [17] 13 voting members appointed by the commissioner as follows:
36	(i) [four] three employer representatives;
37	(ii) [four] three employee representatives;
38	(iii) two representatives of persons who seek to rent or purchase dwellings as defined
39	in Section 57-21-2;
40	(iv) two representatives of persons who:
41	(A) sell or rent dwellings; and
42	(B) are subject to Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act; and
43	(v) [five] three representatives of the general public; and
44	(b) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee as a nonvoting member of the
45	council.
46	(2) In making the appointments under Subsection (1), the commissioner shall consider
47	representation of the following protected classes:
48	(a) race;
49	(b) color;
50	(c) national origin;
51	(d) gender;
52	(e) religion;
53	(f) age;
54	(g) persons with disabilities;
55	(h) familial status as defined in Section 57-21-2; and
56	(i) source of income as defined in Section 57-21-2.
57	(3) The division shall provide any necessary staff support for the council.
58	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current council members

expire, the commissioner shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.

- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the commissioner shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two years.
- (5) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
- (b) The commissioner shall terminate the term of a council member who ceases to be representative as designated by the original appointment.
- (6) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees shall receive no compensation or benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
- (b) (i) State government officer and employee members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses from their agency for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties from the council at the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
 - (ii) State government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
 - (7) (a) The advisory council shall:
- 81 (i) offer advice on issues requested by:
- 82 (A) the commission $[\frac{1}{2}]$:

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- 83 (B) the division[, and]; or
- 84 (C) the Legislature; and [also]
- 85 (ii) make recommendations to the commission and division regarding issues related to:
- 86 [(i) of] (A) employment discrimination;
- 87 [(ii)] (B) housing discrimination; and
- [(iii) related to] (C) the administration by the commission of:
- 89 [(A)] (I) the provisions of Title 34, Labor in General, that are administered by the

90	commission;
91	[(B)] (II) Title 34A, Chapter 5, Utah Antidiscrimination Act; and
92	[(C)] (III) Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act.
93	(b) The council shall confer at least quarterly for the purpose of advising the
94	commission, division, and the Legislature regarding issues described in Subsection (7)(a).
95	(8) (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as chair of the
96	council.
97	(b) The chair is charged with the responsibility of calling the necessary meetings.
98	Section 3. Section 34A-5-106 is amended to read:
99	34A-5-106. Discriminatory or prohibited employment practices Permitted
100	practices.
101	(1) It is a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice to take any action
102	described in Subsections (1)(a) through (f).
103	(a) (i) An employer may not refuse to hire, promote, discharge, demote, or terminate
104	any person, or to retaliate against, harass, or discriminate in matters of compensation or in
105	terms, privileges, and conditions of employment against any person otherwise qualified,
106	because of:
107	(A) race;
108	(B) color;
109	(C) sex;
110	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
111	(E) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older;
112	(F) religion;
113	(G) national origin; or
114	(H) disability.
115	(ii) [An applicant or candidate for any job or position] A person may not be considered
116	"otherwise qualified," unless [the applicant or candidate] that person possesses the following
117	required by an employer for any particular job, job classification, or position:
118	(A) education[;];
119	(B) training[;];
120	(C) ability[,];

121	(D) moral character[;];		
122	(E) integrity[-;];		
123	(F) disposition to work[-;];		
124	(G) adherence to reasonable rules and regulations[7]; and		
125	(H) other job related qualifications required by an employer [for any particular job, job		
126	classification, or position to be filled or created].		
127	(iii) (A) As used in this chapter, "to discriminate in matters of compensation" means		
128	the payment of differing wages or salaries to employees having substantially equal experience,		
129	responsibilities, and skill for the particular job.		
130	(B) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A):		
131	(I) nothing in this chapter prevents increases in pay as a result of longevity with the		
132	employer, if the salary increases are uniformly applied and available to all employees on a		
133	substantially proportional basis; and		
134	(II) nothing in this section prohibits an employer and employee from agreeing to a rate		
135	of pay or work schedule designed to protect the employee from loss of Social Security payment		
136	or benefits if the employee is eligible for those payments.		
137	(b) An employment agency may not:		
138	(i) refuse to list and properly classify for employment, or refuse to refer an individual		
139	for employment, in a known available job for which the individual is otherwise qualified,		
140	because of:		
141	(A) race;		
142	(B) color;		
143	(C) sex;		
144	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;		
145	(E) religion;		
146	(F) national origin;		
147	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or		
148	(H) disability; <u>or</u>		
149	(ii) comply with a request from an employer for referral of applicants for employment		
150	if the request indicates either directly or indirectly that the employer discriminates in		
151	employment on account of:		

152	(A) race;
153	(B) color;
154	(C) sex;
155	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
156	(E) religion;
157	(F) national origin;
158	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or
159	(H) disability.
160	(c) A labor organization may not exclude any individual otherwise qualified from full
161	membership rights in the labor organization, expel the individual from membership in the labor
162	organization, or otherwise discriminate against or harass any of [its] the labor organization's
163	members in full employment of work opportunity, or representation, because of:
164	(i) race;
165	(ii) sex;
166	(iii) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
167	(iv) religion;
168	(v) national origin;
169	(vi) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or
170	(vii) disability.
171	(d) Unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or required by[7] and
172	given to[7] an agency of government for security reasons, an employer, employment agency, or
173	labor organization may not print, or circulate, or cause to be printed or circulated, any
174	statement, advertisement, or publication, use any form of application for employment or
175	membership, or make any inquiry in connection with prospective employment or membership
176	that expresses, either directly or indirectly:
177	(i) any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to:
178	(A) race;
179	(B) color;
180	(C) religion;
181	(D) sex;
182	(E) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;

183	(F) national origin;	
184	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or	
185	(H) disability;	
186	(ii) the intent to make any limitation, specification, or discrimination described in	
187	Subsection (1)(d)(i).	
188	(e) A person, whether or not an employer, an employment agency, a labor organization,	
189	or the employees or members [thereof] of an employer, employment agency, or labor	
190	organization, may not:	
191	(i) aid, incite, compel, or coerce the doing of an act defined in this section to be a	
192	discriminatory or prohibited employment practice;	
193	(ii) obstruct or prevent any person from complying with this chapter, or any order	
194	issued under [it] this chapter; or	
195	(iii) attempt, either directly or indirectly, to commit any act prohibited in this section.	
196	(f) (i) An employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational	
197	school, providing, coordinating, or controlling apprenticeship programs, or providing,	
198	coordinating, or controlling on-the-job-training programs, instruction, training, or retraining	
199	programs may not:	
200	[(i)] (A) deny to, or withhold from, any qualified person, the right to be admitted to, or	
201	participate in any apprenticeship training program, on-the-job-training program, or other	
202	occupational instruction, training or retraining program because of:	
203	[(A)] <u>(I)</u> race;	
204	[(B)] <u>(II)</u> color;	
205	[(C)] (III) sex;	
206	[(D)] (IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;	
207	$[\overline{(E)}]$ (V) religion;	
208	[(F)] <u>(VI)</u> national origin;	
209	[(G)] (VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or	
210	[(H)] <u>(VIII)</u> disability;	
211	[(ii)] (B) discriminate against or harass any qualified person in that person's pursuit of	
212	[such] programs described in Subsection (1)(f)(i)(A), or to discriminate against such a person	
213	in the terms, conditions, or privileges of [such] programs described in Subsection $(1)(f)(i)(A)$,	

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        because of:
215
               [(A)] (I) race;
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               [(B)] (II) color;
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               [(C)] (III) sex;
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               [(D)] (IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
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               [(E)] (V) religion;
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               [<del>(F)</del>] (VI) national origin;
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               [(G)] (VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; or
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               [(H)] (VIII) disability; or
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               [(iii)] (C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(f)(ii), print, publish, or cause to be
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        printed or published, any notice or advertisement relating to employment by the employer, or
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        membership in or any classification or referral for employment by a labor organization, or
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        relating to any classification or referral for employment by an employment agency, indicating
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        any preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on:
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               <u>(I)</u> race[<del>,</del>];
229
               (II) color[<del>,</del>];
230
               (III) sex[\frac{1}{2}];
231
               (IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions[-];
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               (V) religion[-];
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               (VI) national origin[,];
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               (VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older[-]; or
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               (VIII) disability [except that].
236
               (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(f)(i)(C), if the following is a bona fide
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        occupational qualification for employment, a notice or advertisement described in Subsection
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        (1)(f)(i)(C) may indicate a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on:
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               (A) race [-,]
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               (B) color[,];
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               (C) religion[,];
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               (D) sex[-];
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               (E) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions[-];
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               (F) age[,];
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245	(G) national origin[;]; or	
246	(H) disability [when religion, race, color, sex, age, national origin, or disability is a	
247	bona fide occupational qualification for employment].	
248	(2) Nothing contained in Subsections (1)(a) through (1)(f) shall be construed to	
249	prevent:	
250	(a) the termination of employment of an individual who is physically, mentally, or	
251	emotionally unable to perform the duties required by that individual's employment with or	
252	without reasonable accommodation;	
253	(b) the variance of insurance premiums[, of] or coverage on account of age; or	
254	(c) a restriction on the activities of individuals licensed by the liquor authority with	
255	respect to persons under 21 years of age.	
256	(3) (a) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice:	
257	(i) for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to	
258	classify or refer for employment any individual, for a labor organization to classify its	
259	membership or to classify or refer for employment any individual or for an employer, labor	
260	organization, or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training	
261	or retraining programs to admit or employ any individual in any such program, on the basis of	
262	religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions, age, national origin, or	
263	disability in those certain instances where religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, or	
264	pregnancy-related conditions, age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older, national origin,	
265	or disability is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal	
266	operation of that particular business or enterprise;	
267	(ii) for a school, college, university, or other educational institution to hire and employ	
268	employees of a particular religion if:	
269	(A) the school, college, university, or other educational institution is, in whole or in	
270	substantial part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religious corporation,	
271	association, or society[- ,]; or [if]	
272	(B) the curriculum of the school, college, university, or other educational institution is	
273	directed toward the propagation of a particular religion;	
274	(iii) for an employer to give preference in employment to:	

(A) the employer's:

- 276 (I) spouse;
- 277 (II) child; or

- 278 (III) son-in-law or daughter-in-law;
 - (B) any person for whom the employer is or would be liable to furnish financial support if those persons were unemployed;
 - (C) any person to whom the employer during the preceding six months has furnished more than one-half of total financial support regardless of whether or not the employer was or is legally obligated to furnish support; or
 - (D) any person whose education or training was substantially financed by the employer for a period of two years or more.
 - (b) Nothing in this chapter applies to any business or enterprise on or near an Indian reservation with respect to any publicly announced employment practice of the business or enterprise under which preferential treatment is given to any individual because that individual is a native American Indian living on or near an Indian reservation.
 - (c) Nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted to require any employer, employment agency, labor organization, vocational school, joint labor-management committee, or apprenticeship program subject to this chapter to grant preferential treatment to any individual or to any group because of the race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability of the individual or group on account of an imbalance which may exist with respect to the total number or percentage of persons of any race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability employed by any employer, referred or classified for employment by an employment agency or labor organization, admitted to membership or classified by any labor organization, or admitted to or employed in, any apprenticeship or other training program, in comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of that race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability in any community or county or in the available work force in any community or county.
 - (4) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited practice with respect to age to observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or any bona fide employment benefit plan such as a retirement, pension, or insurance plan that is not a subterfuge to evade the purposes of this chapter, except that no such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire an individual.
 - (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), or any other statutory provision to the contrary, a

307 person may not be subject to involuntary termination or retirement from employment on the 308 basis of age alone, if the individual is 40 years of age or older, except: 309 (a) under Subsection (6); 310 (b) under Section 67-5-8; and 311 (c) when age is a bona fide occupational qualification. 312 (6) Nothing in this section prohibits compulsory retirement of an employee who has 313 attained at least 65 years of age, and who, for the two-year period immediately before 314 retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high policymaking position, if: 315 (a) that employee is entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit 316 from the employee's employer's pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation 317 plan, or any combination of those plans; and 318 (b) the benefit described in Subsection (6)(a) equals, in the aggregate, at least \$44,000. 319 Section 4. Section **34A-5-107** is amended to read: 320 34A-5-107. Procedure for aggrieved person to file claim -- Investigations --321 Adjudicative proceedings -- Settlement -- Reconsideration -- Determination. 322 (1) (a) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by a discriminatory or prohibited 323 employment practice may, or that person's attorney or agent may, make, sign, and file with the 324 division a request for agency action. 325 (b) Every request for agency action shall be verified under oath or affirmation. 326 (c) A request for agency action made under this section shall be filed within 180 days 327 after the alleged discriminatory or prohibited employment practice occurred. 328 (d) The division may transfer a request for agency action filed with the division 329 pursuant to this section to the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in 330 accordance with the provisions of any work-share agreement that is: 331 (i) between the division and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; and 332 (ii) in effect on the day on which the request for agency action is transferred. 333 (2) Any employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational 334 school who has [employees or members] an employee or member who [refuse] refuses or 335 [threaten] threatens to refuse to comply with this chapter may file with the division a request 336 for agency action asking the division for assistance to obtain [their] the employee's or member's 337 compliance by conciliation or other remedial action.

(3) (a) Before a hearing is set or held as part of any adjudicative proceeding, the division shall promptly assign an investigator to attempt a settlement between the parties by conference, conciliation, or persuasion.

- (b) If no settlement is reached, the investigator shall make a prompt impartial investigation of all allegations made in the request for agency action.
 - (c) The division and its staff, agents, and employees:

- 344 (i) shall conduct every investigation in fairness to all parties and agencies involved[7];
 345 and
 - (ii) may not attempt a settlement between the parties if it is clear that no discriminatory or prohibited employment practice has occurred.
 - (d) An aggrieved party may withdraw the request for agency action prior to the issuance of a final order.
 - (4) (a) If the initial attempts at settlement are unsuccessful, and the investigator uncovers insufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
 - (b) Upon receipt of the investigator's report <u>described in Subsection (4)(a)</u>, the director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order for dismissal of the adjudicative proceeding.
 - (c) A party may make a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order within 30 days of the date the determination and order for dismissal is issued.
 - (d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee becomes the final order of the commission.
 - (5) (a) If the initial attempts at settlement are unsuccessful and the investigator uncovers sufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
 - (b) (i) Upon receipt of the investigator's report <u>described in Subsection (5)(a)</u>, the director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order based on the

369	investigator's report.		
370	(ii) A determination and order issued under this Subsection (5)(b) shall:		
371	(A) direct the respondent to cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment		
372	practice; and		
373	(B) provide relief to the aggrieved party as the director or the director's designee		
374	determines is appropriate.		
375	(c) A party may file a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary		
376	hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order		
377	within 30 days of the date the determination and order is issued.		
378	(d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the		
379	determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee [requiring the		
380	respondent to cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment practice and to provide relief		
381	to the aggrieved party] in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) becomes the final order of the		
382	commission.		
383	(6) In any adjudicative proceeding to review the director's or the director's designee's		
384	determination that a prohibited employment practice has occurred, the division shall present the		
385	factual and legal basis of [its] the determination or order issued under Subsection (5).		
386	(7) (a) Prior to commencement of an evidentiary hearing[-;]:		
387	(i) the party filing the request for agency action may reasonably and fairly amend any		
388	allegation[-,]: and		
389	(ii) the respondent may amend its answer. [Those amendments]		
390	(b) An amendment permitted under this Subsection (7) may be made:		
391	(i) during or after a hearing [but]; and		
392	(ii) only with permission of the presiding officer.		
393	(8) (a) If, upon all the evidence at a hearing, the presiding officer finds that a		
394	respondent has not engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the		
395	presiding officer shall issue an order dismissing the request for agency action containing the		
396	allegation of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice.		
397	(b) The presiding officer may order that the respondent be reimbursed by the		
398	complaining party for the respondent's attorneys' fees and costs.		

(9) If upon all the evidence at the hearing, the presiding officer finds that a respondent

400 has engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the presiding officer shall 401 issue an order requiring the respondent to: 402 (a) cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment practice; and 403 (b) provide relief to the complaining party, including: 404 (i) reinstatement[,]; 405 (ii) back pay and benefits[, and]; 406 (iii) attorneys' fees; and 407 (iv) costs. 408 (10) Conciliation between the parties is to be urged and facilitated at all stages of the 409 adjudicative process. 410 (11) (a) Either party may file with the Division of Adjudication a written request for 411 review before the commissioner or Appeals Board of the order issued by the presiding officer 412 in accordance with: 413 (i) Section 63-46b-12; and 414 (ii) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings. 415 (b) If there is no timely request for review, the order issued by the presiding officer 416 becomes the final order of the commission. 417 (12) An order of the commission under Subsection (11)(a) is subject to judicial review 418 as provided in: 419 (a) Section 63-46b-16; and 420 (b) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings. 421 (13) The commission shall have authority to make rules concerning procedures under 422 this chapter in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act. 423 (14) The commission and its staff may not divulge or make public any information 424 gained from any investigation, settlement negotiation, or proceeding before the commission 425 except as provided in Subsections (14)(a) through (d). 426 (a) Information used by the director or the director's designee in making any 427 determination may be provided to all interested parties for the purpose of preparation for and 428 participation in proceedings before the commission. 429 (b) General statistical information may be disclosed provided the identities of the

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individuals or parties are not disclosed.

431	(c) Information may be disclosed for inspection by the attorney general or other legal		
432	representatives of the state or the commission.		
433	(d) Information may be disclosed for information and reporting requirements of the		
434	federal government.		
435	(15) The procedures contained in this section are the exclusive remedy under state law		
436	for employment discrimination based upon:		
437	(a) race[;];		
438	(b) color[,];		
439	<u>(c)</u> sex[- -];		
440	(d) retaliation[,];		
441	(e) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions[;];		
442	<u>(f)</u> age[,];		
443	<u>(g)</u> religion[,];		
444	(h) national origin[,]; or		
445	(i) disability.		
446	(16) (a) The commencement of an action under federal law for relief based upon any		
447	act prohibited by this chapter bars the commencement or continuation of any adjudicative		
448	proceeding before the commission in connection with the same claims under this chapter.		
449	(b) The transfer of a request for agency action to the Equal Employment Opportunity		
450	Commission in accordance with Subsection (1)(d) is considered the commencement of an		
451	action under federal law for purposes of Subsection (16)(a).		
452	(c) Nothing in this Subsection (16) is intended to alter, amend, modify, or impair the		
453	exclusive remedy provision set forth in Subsection (15).		
454	Section 5. Section 34A-5-108 is amended to read:		
455	34A-5-108. Judicial enforcement of division findings.		
456	(1) The commission or the attorney general at the request of the commission shall		
457	commence an action under Section 63-46b-19 for civil enforcement of a final order of the		
458	commission issued under Subsection 34A-5-107[(12)] <u>(11)</u> if:		
459	(a) the order finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that a respondent has		
460	engaged or is engaging in discriminatory or prohibited employment practices made unlawful by		
461	this chapter;		

462	(b) counsel to the commission or the attorney general determines after reasonable
463	inquiry that the order is well grounded in fact and is warranted by existing law;
464	(c) the respondent has not received an order of automatic stay or discharge from the
465	United States Bankruptcy Court; and
466	(d) (i) the commission has not accepted a conciliation agreement to which the
467	aggrieved party and respondent are parties; or
468	(ii) the respondent has not conciliated or complied with the final order of the
469	commission within 30 days from the date the order is issued.
470	(2) If the respondent seeks judicial review of the final order under Section 63-46b-16,
471	pursuant to Section 63-46b-18 the commission may stay seeking civil enforcement pending the
472	completion of the judicial review.
473	Section 6. Section 67-19-4 is amended to read:
474	67-19-4. Discriminatory or prohibited employment practices.
475	The state, its officers, and employees shall be governed by the provisions of Section
476	34A-5-106 of the Utah Antidiscrimination Act concerning discriminatory or [unfair] prohibited
477	employment practices.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-15-03 1:39 PM

A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note	Utah Antidiscrimination Act Amendments	23-Jan-03	
Bill Number SB0122		12:45 PM	
State Impact			
State Impact			
No fiscal impact.			
Individual and Business	Impact		
No fiscal impact.			
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Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst